

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION

Liana Davis,

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No. 2:25-cv-220

**Christopher Coopridier; Aid Access
GmbH; Rebecca Gomperts,**

Defendants.

**PLAINTIFF LIANA DAVIS’S OPPOSED MOTION FOR LEAVE TO
FILE A FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT**

Plaintiff Liana Davis respectfully moves for leave to file a first amended complaint. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a)(2). The proposed amended complaint makes two (and only two) changes.

First. The amended complaint will add two additional Aid Access entities as named defendants. Discovery has revealed that Mr. Coopridier’s payments for the abortion-inducing drugs that he received were made to “Aid Access B.V.” rather than “Aid Access GmbH.” *See* Exhibit 2; Mitchell Decl. ¶ 4 (attached as Exhibit 1). Aid Access B.V. is a separate and distinct corporate entity from Aid Access GmbH, so it should be included as a named defendant on the wrongful-death claim. Ms. Davis’s counsel has also learned that the sole shareholder of Aid Access B.V. is another corporation called Access and More B.V. *See* Exhibit 3; Mitchell Decl. ¶ 5. Access and More B.V.’s sole shareholder is defendant Rebecca Gomperts. *See* Exhibit 4; Mitchell Decl. ¶ 5. Access and More B.V., as the sole shareholder of Aid Access B.V., should also be added to the lawsuit as a named defendant.

Second. Ms. Davis will be adding claims under Texas's HB 7 for statutory damages, permanent injunctive relief, and costs and attorneys' fees against each of the Aid Access defendants (Aid Access GmbH, Aid Access B.V., Access and More B.V., and Rebecca Gomperts). *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171A.051(a)(2); *id.* at § 171A.101(a)(2); *id.* at 171A.104(a) (authorizing Ms. Davis to sue as a qui tam relator and seek relief against any person or entity that mails, transports, delivers, prescribes, or provides an abortion-inducing drug to any person or location in Texas on or after December 4, 2025). Aid Access has mailed abortion pills into Texas many times since HB 7 took effect on December 4, 2025. *See* Mitchell Decl. ¶ 6. Ms. Davis is entitled to recover statutory damages for each of the Aid Access defendants' violations of HB 7, as well as an injunction that will restrain them from sending abortion-inducing drugs into Texas.

The proposed amended complaint makes no changes to the allegations or claims against defendant Christopher Coopridier.

A court should "freely give leave" to amend a complaint "when justice so requires." Fed. R. Civ. P. (a)(2). Leave to amend is appropriate because Ms. Davis and her attorneys were not aware that Coopridier's payments were made to Aid Access B.V. rather than Aid Access GmbH at the time they filed suit, and they learned of this only after Mr. Coopridier produced his PayPal receipts in discovery. *See* Mitchell Decl. ¶ 7. In addition, Texas's HB 7 was not in effect when Ms. Davis originally filed suit on August 11, 2025, so Ms. Davis could not bring her HB 7 claims against the Aid Access defendants at that time. Justice requires allowing Ms. Davis to pursue her wrongful-death and HB 7 claims against the full panoply of Aid Access defendants who were complicit in the murder of her unborn child.

We have conferred with Mr. Coopridier's attorneys and they oppose this motion. We have attached a redlined copy of the proposed amended complaint as Exhibit 5 and a clean copy as Exhibit 6.

CONCLUSION

Ms. Davis's motion for leave to file a first amended complaint should be granted.

Respectfully submitted.

/s/ Jonathan F. Mitchell
JONATHAN F. MITCHELL

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Dated: July 25, 2026

Counsel for Plaintiff

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on July 25, 2026, I served this document through CM/ECF upon:

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/s/ Jonathan F. Mitchell
JONATHAN F. MITCHELL
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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION

Liana Davis,

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No. 2:25-cv-00220

**Christopher Coopriders; Aid Access
GmbH; Rebecca Gomperts,**

Defendants.

DECLARATION OF JONATHAN F. MITCHELL

1. My name is Jonathan F. Mitchell. I am over the age of 18 and fully competent in all respects to make this declaration.

2. I have personal knowledge of the facts stated in this declaration, and all of these facts are true and correct.

3. I represent plaintiff Liana Davis in this litigation, and I submit this declaration in support of the plaintiff's motion to for leave to file a first amended complaint.

4. The document attached as Exhibit 2 to this motion contains authentic PayPal receipts of Mr. Coopriders' purchases of abortion-inducing drugs from Aid Access B.V., which Mr. Coopriders produced in response to our discovery requests and which are bates-stamped CR001778–CR001781.

5. The documents attached as Exhibits 3 and 4 to this motion are authentic copies of business register extracts from the Netherlands Chamber of Commerce, which show that the sole shareholder of Aid Access B.V. is another corporation called Access and More B.V., and that Access and More B.V.'s sole shareholder is defendant Rebecca Gomperts.

6. I have personal knowledge that Aid Access has continued mailing abortion-inducing drugs into Texas since HB 7 took effect on December 4, 2025.

7. Neither Ms. Davis nor I was aware that Coopriider's payments were made to Aid Access B.V. rather than Aid Access GmbH when we initially filed suit on August 11, 2025, and we learned of this only after Mr. Coopriider produced his PayPal receipts in discovery.

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I declare under penalty of perjury that the facts stated in this declaration are true and correct.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Jonathan F. Mitchell". The signature is written in a cursive, slightly slanted style. The first name "Jonathan" is written with a large, prominent "J". The last name "Mitchell" is written with a large, prominent "M".

JONATHAN F. MITCHELL

Dated: July 25, 2026

From: service@paypal.com <service@paypal.com>
Date: Mon, Feb 24, 2025 at 10:24 AM
Subject: Your PayPal receipt
To: Christopher Coopriders <chriscoopriders@gmail.com>

Hello, Christopher Coopriders



You paid \$150.00 USD to Aid Access B.V

Create a PayPal account for fast, secure checkouts at millions of merchants.

[Activate PayPal Now](#)

Your purchase details

Your Transaction ID:
1P708129GT692405C

Merchant Transaction ID:
1WB9270720041662S

Purchase Date:
February 24, 2025

Payment to:
Aid Access B.V

Payment from:
Christopher Coopriders

Quantity	1
Item	Consultation:Consultation 150
ID Number	

CR001778

Price \$150.00 USD

Subtotal \$150.00 USD

Total **\$150.00 USD**

You paid using: American Express x-2002

This credit card transaction will appear on your statement as PAYPAL *AIDACCESSBV.

Activate PayPal Now



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PayPal RT000398:en_US(en-US):1.4.1:f783330e53dac

From: service@paypal.com <service@paypal.com>

Date: Thu, Feb 6, 2025 at 1:32 PM

Subject: Your PayPal receipt

To: Christopher Coopridier <chriscopridier0@gmail.com>

CR001779

Hello, Christopher Cooprider



You paid \$150.00 USD to Aid Access B.V

Create a PayPal account for fast, secure checkouts at millions of merchants.

[Activate PayPal Now](#)

Your purchase details

Your Transaction ID:
5DF24153F8805534W

Merchant Transaction ID:
3KP05858FF984143Y

Purchase Date:
February 6, 2025

Payment to:
Aid Access B.V

Payment from:
Christopher Cooprider

Quantity	1
Item	Consultation:Consultation 150
ID Number	
Price	\$150.00 USD

Subtotal	\$150.00 USD
Total	\$150.00 USD

You paid using: American Express x-2002

CR001780

This credit card transaction will appear on your statement as PAYPAL *AIDACCESSBV.

Activate PayPal Now



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PayPal RT000398:en_US(en-US):1.4.1:f15286169c548

From: <noreply@aidaccess.org>

Date: Thu, Feb 6, 2025 at 1:29 PM

Subject: Automatic: Confirmation of your request [ruxiw980286]

To: chriscooprider0 <chriscooprider0@gmail.com>

Dear Chris,

Thank you for your trust. Please read all of the information in this email and go [here](#) to learn more about Aid Access.

Reply to this email and follow these 2 steps:

CR001781



Business Register extract

Netherlands Chamber of Commerce

CCI number 92878067

Page 1 (of 2)

Legal entity

RSIN	866202882
Legal form	Besloten Vennootschap (comparable with Private Limited Liability Company)
Name given in the articles	Aid Access B.V.
Corporate seat	Amsterdam
First entry in Business Register	06-02-2024
Date of deed of incorporation	06-02-2024
Issued capital	EUR 1,20
Paid-up capital	EUR 1,20
Filing of the annual accounts	The annual accounts for the financial year 2024 were filed on 10-09-2025.

Company

Trade name	Aid Access B.V.
Company start date	06-02-2024 (registration date: 06-02-2024)
Activities	SBI-code: 86999 - Other health care without overnight stay
Employees	0

Establishment

Establishment number	000058455280
Trade name	Aid Access B.V.
Visiting address	Keizersgracht 570 B, 1017EM Amsterdam
Date of incorporation	06-02-2024 (registration date: 06-02-2024)
Activities	SBI-code: 86999 - Other health care without overnight stay For further information on activities, see Dutch extract.
Employees	0

Sole shareholder

Name	Access and More B.V.
Visiting address	Keizersgracht 570 B, 1017EM Amsterdam
Registered under CCI number	92875785
Sole shareholder since	06-02-2024 (registration date: 06-02-2024)

Board member

Name	Access and More B.V.
Visiting address	Keizersgracht 570 B, 1017EM Amsterdam



Business Register extract

Netherlands Chamber of Commerce

CCI number 92878067

Page 2 (of 2)

Registered under CCI number	92875785
Date of entry into office	06-02-2024 (registration date: 06-02-2024)
Title	bestuurder
Powers	Solely/independently authorised

Extract was made on 23-07-2026 at 18:18 hours.



Business Register extract

Netherlands Chamber of Commerce

CCI number 92875785

Page 1 (of 2)

Legal entity

RSIN	866201774
Legal form	Besloten Vennootschap (comparable with Private Limited Liability Company)
Name given in the articles	Access and More B.V.
Corporate seat	Amsterdam
First entry in Business Register	06-02-2024
Date of deed of incorporation	06-02-2024
Issued capital	EUR 1,20
Paid-up capital	EUR 1,20
Filing of the annual accounts	The annual accounts for the financial year 2024 were filed on 02-09-2025.

Company

Trade name	Access and More B.V.
Company start date	06-02-2024 (registration date: 06-02-2024)
Activities	SBI-code: 64210 - Activities of holding companies
Employees	0

Establishment

Establishment number	000058453083
Trade name	Access and More B.V.
Visiting address	Keizersgracht 570 B, 1017EM Amsterdam
Date of incorporation	06-02-2024 (registration date: 06-02-2024)
Activities	SBI-code: 64210 - Activities of holding companies For further information on activities, see Dutch extract.
Employees	0

Sole shareholder

Name	Gomperts, Rebecca Judith
Date of birth	29-07-1966
Sole shareholder since	06-02-2024 (registration date: 06-02-2024)

Board member

Name	Gomperts, Rebecca Judith
Date of birth	29-07-1966
Date of entry into office	06-02-2024 (registration date: 06-02-2024)
Title	bestuurder
Powers	Solely/independently authorised



Business Register extract Netherlands Chamber of Commerce

CCI number 92875785

Page 2 (of 2)

Extract was made on 23-07-2026 at 20:06 hours.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION

Liana Davis,

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No. 2:25-cv-220

Christopher Cooprider; Aid Access
GmbH; Aid Access B.V.; Access and
More B.V.; Rebecca Gomperts,

Defendants.

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

Christopher Cooprider murdered Liana Davis's unborn child by secretly dissolving abortion pills into a hot beverage that he had prepared and tricking Davis into drinking it. Cooprider obtained these drugs from Aid Access, a criminal organization that illegally ships abortion pills into Texas and other jurisdictions where abortion has been outlawed. Ms. Davis sues to recover damages from Cooprider and Aid Access for the wrongful death of her unborn child. *See* Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code § 71.001 *et seq.*

Ms. Davis also seeks an injunction as a qui tam relator to stop the Aid Access defendants from distributing abortion-inducing drugs in violation of Texas law, as well as statutory damages for Aid Access's violations of Texas's HB 7. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171A.101(a); Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171A.104(a)(1)–(3).

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. The Court has subject-matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1332, as the parties are completely diverse and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00.

2. The Court has personal jurisdiction over defendant Cooprider because he murdered Ms. Davis's unborn child in Texas, and the plaintiff's claims arise out of those minimum contacts with the forum state. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts because they purposefully and knowingly mailed abortion-inducing drugs into Texas in violation of state and federal law, and the plaintiff's claims arise out of those minimum contacts with the forum state.

3. Venue is proper in this district and division because a substantial part of the events giving rise to the claims occurred in Nueces County. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2).

PARTIES

4. Plaintiff Liana Davis is a citizen of Texas.

5. Defendant Christopher Cooprider is a citizen of Arizona.

6. Defendant Aid Access GmbH is a Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung (GmbH) incorporated under the laws of Austria. Its principal place of business is in Austria.

7. Defendant Aid Access B.V. is a Besloten Vennootschap (B.V.) (similar to a private limited liability company) incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands. Its principal place of business is in the Netherlands. Its sole shareholder is defendant Access and More B.V.

8. Defendant Access and More B.V. is a Besloten Vennootschap (B.V.), incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands. Its principal place of business is in the Netherlands. Its sole shareholder is Rebecca Gomperts.

9. For simplicity and ease of exposition, the complaint will refer to Aid Access GmbH, Aid Access B.V., and Access and More B.V. collectively as "Aid Access."

10. Defendant Rebecca Gomperts is a citizen of the Netherlands. She is the founder and director of Aid Access, and the sole shareholder of defendant Access and More B.V., which in turn is the sole shareholder of defendant Aid Access B.V.

11. For simplicity and ease of exposition, the complaint will refer to Aid Access GmbH, Aid Access B.V., Access and More B.V., and Rebecca Gomperts collectively as “the Aid Access defendants.”

STATEMENT OF FACTS

12. Defendant Christopher Cooprider is a Marine pilot in training who is temporarily stationed in Corpus Christi. Cooprider remains a domiciliary and citizen of Arizona. *See* Exhibit 1.

13. Cooprider resides next door to plaintiff Liana Davis in Corpus Christi.

14. In early 2025, Ms. Davis became pregnant with Cooprider’s child.

15. Ms. Davis learned that the baby would be a girl and named her Joy. She looked forward to giving birth and raising her daughter alongside her three children from a previous marriage.

16. Cooprider had different plans. He wanted the baby dead—and he made that clear to Ms. Davis in no uncertain terms. This became a daily source of contention between Cooprider and Davis, as Cooprider would constantly pressure Davis to kill their unborn child, while Davis consistently rebuffed his requests and made clear that she intended to give birth.

17. Cooprider told Davis that he wanted to kill her unborn child even before Davis had taken a test to confirm her pregnancy. On January 31, 2025, Davis and Cooprider exchanged the following text messages:

Now to answer ur q, what would u want to do? I'd want to u to have input 7:47 PM

I would like to get rid of it, if the test is positive 7:49 PM

Jesus. I thought you were conservative. 8:14 PM

So you're one of those "conservative til it happens to your own mistress" guys 8:53 PM

We are not in love. We are not together. Would be messed up to bring a child into the world without both parents raising them 9:18 PM

Can't imagine not knowing my father, or being raised by him 9:21 PM

See Exhibit 2.

18. On February 3, 2025, Coopriider expressed similar sentiments over text messages, again before Davis had taken any test to confirm the pregnancy:

If it's positive then we need to schedule a clinic visit and get an abortion pill asap 2:20 PM

Excuse me? 2:20 PM

I don't know where or when you think that is happening. The nearest clinic last time I checked (and only checked bc I was teaching a sex ed unit in a health class) is San Antonio, and that was years ago. Clinics have been getting shut down left right and center.

2:23 PM

But way more importantly, that's not your decision to make alone.

2:24 PM

You don't want either do you?

2:24 PM

Because it jeopardizes all your current battles and issues

2:25 PM

See Exhibit 3.

19. When Coopridier learned of the positive pregnancy test on February 4, 2025, he reiterated his desire for an abortion, but Ms. Davis rebuked him:

It's also just the right thing to do in this situation. Get rid of it

2:40 PM

"You're repeating yourself"

3:04 PM

The right thing to do in your opinion. Some would view it as taking an innocent life.

3:05 PM

Moving forward, can you PLEASE 🙏 re-phrase? Every time you say "get rid of it" it's like an electric shock.

3:06 PM

I literally feel like I'm going down the steepest hill on a roller coaster when I read that.

3:07 PM

See Exhibit 4.

20. On February 5, 2025, the day after the positive pregnancy test, Coopridier texted Davis and announced that he was going to order abortion drugs for her to take. Ms. Davis was appalled and told him not to do it:

Wed, Feb 5 at 10:48 AM

I'm going to be able to get the 2 drugs needed to discontinue pregnancy. Should be able to use them 2 weeks from today
👍 10:48 AM

Stop right there. 10:48 AM

I'll let you know after i get them and have them 10:48 AM

Let me get up to my office to discuss this. 10:48 AM

Don't buy anything 10:50 AM

They can be safely taken at home and without medical supervision. And without record 10:51 AM

Slow your roll 10:51 AM

It's a safe and reliable 24-48 hour process. With minor setbacks like stomach pain, cramps, nausea, bleeding 10:52 AM

See Exhibit 5.

21. Coopridier ignored Ms. Davis's objections and ordered the drugs anyway. On February 6, 2025, at 3:38 P.M., Coopridier texted Ms. Davis and said:

Thu, Feb 6 at 3:38 PM

Hey good news! 3:38 PM

Found an American website to get plan C pills from. Those FDA approved pills are on their way here 👍 3:40 PM

See Exhibit 6.

22. Ms. Davis reprimanded Coopridier for purchasing those drugs without her consent and against her explicit instructions. She texted:

Well YEAH I'm not ok with u buying something like that w/o my permission. It's not a benign purchase. 11:01 PM

It's not like buying toothpaste. It's *double-checks notes* ABORTION PILLS. 11:02 PM

It's so presumptuous.

See Exhibit 7.

23. On February 11, 2025, at 7:52 A.M. central time, Coopridier texted Davis to inform her that the abortion drugs had arrived. Ms. Davis responded to his text with a thumbs-down emoji:

The pills just got here 7:52 AM

See Exhibit 8.

24. Coopridier showed Davis the receipt for his purchase on his cell phone. When Ms. Davis looked at the receipt on Coopridier's phone, she saw that he had purchased the drugs from Aid Access. Aid Access is listed on the "plan C" website

that Cooprider mentioned in his earlier text as one of its “US-Based Online Clinics” that sends abortion-inducing drugs into Texas. *See* <https://www.plancpills.org/abortion-pill/texas#ways-people-get-pills> [<https://perma.cc/76XM-KZU2>]. The Plan C website lists the price for pills obtained through Aid Access as “\$150 or less,” and promises delivery to Texas for pills ordered from Aid Access in “2–5 days.” *Id.* Cooprider ordered the pills on Thursday, February 6, 2025, and they arrived on Tuesday, February 11, 2025 — exactly five days later, and within the 2–5 day delivery window described on the Plan C pills website.

25. On February 18, 2025, Cooprider brought the abortion pills to Davis’s house and asked her to kill the baby with the drugs that he had purchased. Davis refused and made clear to Cooprider that she had no intention of aborting. But Cooprider was undeterred, and he repeatedly brought the drugs to Davis’s house when he came to visit. Sometimes Cooprider would leave the drugs behind at her house after he left, in the apparent hope that Davis might change her mind and ingest the pills on her own initiative. Other times Cooprider would take the drugs with him when he returned to his house. And sometimes Cooprider split the difference, leaving the mifepristone with Davis while taking the misoprostol pills with him.¹ All of this disturbed Ms. Davis, who disliked having Cooprider’s abortion pills in her home.

26. Ms. Davis took pictures of the abortion drugs that Cooprider had purchased from Aid Access. The box containing the mifepristone contains a label indicating that the drugs were prescribed to “Chris Cooprider” by someone described as “L.M. MD”:

1. The abortion-pill regimen requires a pregnant woman to ingest two pills approximately 24–48 hours apart. Mifepristone (or mifeprex) is the first of the two drugs that must be taken, which blocks the hormone progesterone. Misoprostol is the second drug taken 24–48 hours after the mifepristone, which expels the unborn child from the uterus.



See Exhibits 9 and 10.

27. The bottle containing the misoprostol also contains a label indicating that the drugs were prescribed to “Chris Coopridner” by the same “L.M. MD”:



See Exhibits 11–12. There were 12 misoprostol pills included in this bottle.

28. For over a month Coopridner tried to browbeat Ms. Davis into killing her unborn child with the abortion pills that he had obtained, but his efforts went nowhere. On February 18, 2025, at 9:07 A.M., Coopridner texted Davis in one of his early attempts to persuade her to ingest the “M&M’s” (Coopridner’s shorthand for mifepristone and misoprostol):

Want you to practice some positive reinforcement. At the beginning of every hour say out loud, "I am going to be good and safe after taking the M&M's"

9:07 AM

That one sentence will help you build mental armor that will help protect you

9:09 AM

See Exhibit 13.

29. The next day, on February 19, 2025, Coopridier and Davis exchanged text messages in which Coopridier repeated his desire for an abortion, while Davis rebuked him for his selfish attitude:

Tell me how having the pregnancy would help improve my life?

10:40 PM

Once again (let me get my claps ready)...

10:40 PM

Zero pros for me; Only cons

10:40 PM

It's Not. 🖐️ About. 🖐️ Improving. 🖐️ Your. 🖐️ Life. 🖐️

10:41 PM

Having children with my partner will absolutely improve my life someday

10:41 PM

It's a hand you were dealt, and this little person did nothing to harm you, they are not dangerous, they are not some infectious agent that you have to stay far away from. That's what you're acting like.

10:42 PM

See Exhibit 14.

30. On March 5, 2025, Davis pleaded with Coopridier to accompany her to an ultrasound appointment that she had scheduled for March 21, 2025. (Davis wanted Coopridier to attend the appointment because she held out hope that seeing the sonogram images of the baby might change his mind.) Coopridier said he would come only if Davis promised to abort her unborn child:

Please come with me bc you said you would and I have held up my end of the deal on EVERYTHING so far. Everything Chris. Please don't bail on me.

11:56 AM

Text Message • RCS

I will come with, but only if you agree that under NO circumstances is that potential child to be born

11:57 AM

If ultrasound says it is somehow alive. Then it needs to be aborted

11:57 AM

See Exhibit 15.

31. A few minutes later, Coopridier repeated his demands for an abortion before agreeing to accompany Davis to the ultrasound appointment:

If it's confirmed alive, then it needs to be aborted

11:59 AM

Without fail

11:59 AM

That is best for everyone

11:59 AM

I know your stance on that. Please tell me you'll come with me or I'm canceling this altogether bc I made it with the understanding that you were coming with me. 12:00 PM

Text Message • RCS

What do you plan to do if it's alive 12:01 PM

Text Message • SMS

I already told you. Take a beat to regroup and process. Then go from there. 12:01 PM

See Exhibit 16.

32. A few minutes later, after he had agreed to attend the ultrasound appointment, Coopridier again demanded an abortion without regard to Davis's wishes:

Yes or no are you coming? If not I'm calling and canceling. And they might give that time to someone else, which would push us to the next week if I wanted to reschedule. 12:02 PM

Text Message • RCS

I'll go 12:03 PM

Text Message • SMS

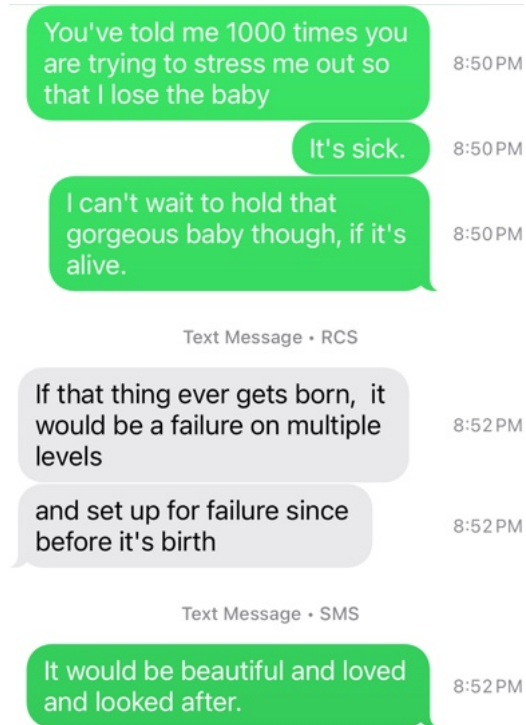
Ty 12:03 PM

Text Message • RCS

But it needs to be aborted and gone, no matter what 12:03 PM

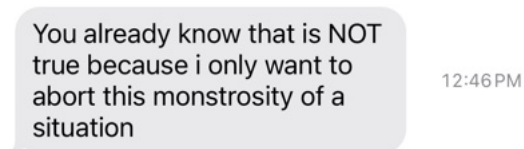
See Exhibit 17.

33. The next day, on March 6, 2025, at 8:50 P.M., Coopridier called the baby a “thing” and claimed that its birth would be “a failure on multiple levels”:



See Exhibit 18.

34. The ultrasound appointment of March 21, 2025, and the sonogram pictures did nothing to change Coopridier’s mind, and he only doubled down on his insistence that the baby be killed. On March 26, 2025, at 12:46 P.M., Coopridier texted that he wanted to “abort this monstrosity”:



See Exhibit 19.

35. Later that day, after Davis rebuked Cooprider for calling the baby a “mistake,” Cooprider complained that he was “trapped” by Davis’s unwillingness to abort:



See Exhibit 20.

36. More texts were exchanged on March 26, 2025, in which Cooprider continued to harangue Davis for refusing to abort:

Realistically?!?!? 2:10 PM

Realistically alllll our problems
could be gone tomorrow!! 2:10 PM

It is just that simple 2:10 PM

But you are going to do
whatever you wanna do
despite statistics and facts 2:11 PM

So go on ahead 2:11 PM

Text Message • SMS

I'm not doing anything wrong. 2:11 PM

Just waiting to hear how baby
is doing in there. 2:11 PM

People are more than statistics
and facts. 2:12 PM

They are complex creatures
and have feelings. 2:12 PM

I'm not some robot. 2:12 PM

See Exhibit 21.

37. On March 28, 2025, Ms. Davis sent Coopridier a series of text messages that gently encouraged him to reconsider his desire for an abortion. See Exhibit 22. But Coopridier would have none of it:

You can keep trying hoping I'll
change my mind. But it will
absolutely not happen 10:16 PM

See Exhibit 22.

38. Davis tried again on March 28, 2025, asking to Coopridier regard their baby as a blessing rather than a parasite. But Coopridier was rude and dismissive:

A pregnancy happened. It wasn't planned or expected. Since there's nothing I can do about it other than abort (and I don't like the idea of that), I'm almost at the point where I'm trying to look at this as a blessing or a gift. 10:40 PM

Because that's what babies are. Just because I'm not married to the father and the pregnancy was accidental, doesn't mean that this baby would be any less of a blessing or a gift. 10:42 PM

They are a beautiful thing. I do not understand my higher power's plan for me (haven't for almost a year now), but if this is their plan, then I'm prepared to take on the responsibility. 10:44 PM

This is 100% a fucked up and messed up situation. You can spin it any way you want 10:44 PM

See Exhibit 23.

39. A few minutes later, Coopriider called Davis "delusional" for describing her pregnancy this way:

The fact that you can't see how bad and messed up this is, that's completely delusional 10:47 PM

See Exhibit 24.

40. Davis tried again but was met with yet another derisive response:

How is it that bad? I have a safe and loving home for this baby to live in. We have everything they need. I am capable of raising a baby. I have support. 10:48 PM

They would be loved and adored and spoiled. This baby would never be put down! There is nothing wrong with thinking of a sweet, beautiful new baby and choosing to be positive about it. 10:50 PM

Ya whatever lady 10:52 PM

It would be soo gorgeous. As unhappy as I am about being pregnant, I'm allowed to look forward to having another baby with enjoyment. 10:52 PM

It doesn't make me a bad person. 10:52 PM

See Exhibit 25.

41. On March 31, 2025, Coopridier texted Davis and made yet another attempt to convince her to abort, this time claiming that the baby would be better off dead and that giving birth would harm Ms. Davis and her other three children:

Look I'm going to tell you some hard truths that your hormonal brain is not going to like 10:27 PM

I've already heard plenty of hard truths. 10:28 PM

Don't insult me, please.
"Hormonal brain" 10:29 PM

Choosing to have that thing
WILL mess with your life. It will
take away and mess with your
3 current kids. Choosing to
have it WILL mess up it's life. It
would be bad for you, your
current kids, and that poor
thing 10:30 PM

It would be better off not being
around 10:30 PM

What do you mean it will "take
away" my 3 current kids?
Watch your mouth. 10:30 PM

My children aren't going
anywhere. 10:30 PM

See Exhibit 26.

42. Later that day, Coopridier made yet another pitch for an abortion, this time by trying to convince Davis that killing her baby would be the "right" thing to do. Once again, Davis refused to go along, insisting that she loved her baby and reiterating her determination to give birth:

You gave me a beautiful gift. I
suppose I should be thanking
you. 10:41 PM

Do things the right way Liana,
and with the right person. You
know deep down inside you,
that this is wrong. This is not a
good thing 10:43 PM

I know that you already know
that inside of you 10:43 PM

Loving this baby feels right. I want it to stay alive. I want to snuggle it and sniff its tiny head and never ever put it down. 🤱

10:47 PM

Do things the right way. You know this is Not right

10:48 PM

Who are we to say this isn't right? We were given this incredible gift, and what feels right is to surround it with all the love in the world.

10:50 PM

See Exhibit 27.

43. Cooprider became abusive and menacing toward Davis when she would not give in to his demands to abort. On March 6, 2025, Cooprider texted the following:

Everything around you, everything you touch gets made worst. Your poor family got driven apart because of your psycho mentality

9:58 PM

Text Message • SMS

Please stop texting me

9:58 PM

I would like you to stop your harassment.

9:58 PM

Text Message • RCS

If i had to deal with your craziness every day like your husband, that would drive me mad too. You probably drove him crazy

9:58 PM

Drove your husband mad and
messed up your own family

10:00 PM

Text Message • SMS

Harassment. I am once again
warning you to stop texting
me, please.

10:00 PM

Text Message • RCS

Now you live in a dead husk of
the family life you tried to
create but ruined

10:00 PM

You can't even take the photos
down of your failed family. So
you have to be reminded of it
every time you walk through a
hallway

10:01 PM

See Exhibits 28–29.

44. Coopridier even threatened to testify against Ms. Davis in her ongoing and bitterly contested divorce proceeding, in which she was battling her abusive and soon-to-be-ex-husband for custody of her three children:

Maybe Devin Paul Davis and i
can become friends

10:03 PM

Wonder if i could help him in
his legal proceedings with his
crazy ex

10:04 PM

See Exhibit 30. Devin Paul Davis is the name of Liana Davis's soon-to-be-ex-husband. Davis had confided in Coopridier on a number of occasions that she was terrified of Devin and told Coopridier the ways in which Devin had physically and emotionally abused her and her children. Coopridier also knew that Ms. Davis and her children were clients at a local domestic-violence agency because of Devin's history of abuse.

45. Finally, on April 1, 2025, Coopriders texted Davis and called her “the worst person” for refusing to accommodate his demands for an abortion:



You are the worst person 11:51 AM

No I'm not! How is a loving mother-to-be the worst person. 11:51 AM

Don't care about me or my perspective 11:52 AM

Or how it's going to affect others 11:52 AM

I do care Chris! 11:52 AM

Just gonna do what you already picture happening in your head 11:53 AM

See Exhibit 31.

I. Coopriders Plots To Murder Ms. Davis's Unborn Child By Slipping Abortion Pills Into Her Drink

46. By April of 2025, Coopriders had come to the realization that Ms. Davis was determined to give birth and would not budge in response to his badgering and bullying tactics. Coopriders also knew that he was running out of time for Davis to abort with the drugs that he had purchased. The FDA has approved the use of mifepristone and misoprostol for abortions through only the first 10 weeks of pregnancy, as measured from the pregnant woman's last menstrual period. Ms. Davis was by now eight weeks pregnant, and Coopriders knew that he had no chance of persuading Davis to travel out of state for a surgical abortion if the pregnancy lasted beyond the available time for a drug-induced abortion.

47. Coopriders only hope for an abortion was to trick Davis into ingesting the drugs that he had purchased from Aid Access. So Coopriders decided to murder the baby by mixing the abortion pills into a drink and giving it to Davis. He planned the murder and carried out his plot on the night of April 5, 2025.

48. On April 2, 2025, at 12:15 P.M., Coopriders texted Davis and proposed to have a “trust building night” where he would “make us some warm relaxing tea”:

Was thinking we could hang out one of these night I'm not scheduled and catch up on Reacher	12:15 PM
I could make us some warm relaxing tea instead of alcohol	12:16 PM
And we could go to bed at a reasonable hour	12:16 PM
Called it a "trust building night" if you have to.....	12:16 PM

See Exhibit 32.

49. Coopriders billed this “trust building night” as an opportunity to repair the damage caused by his reaction to the pregnancy and his demands for an abortion. This led Davis to believe that Coopriders was now resigned to her decision to give birth to their daughter.

50. Davis agreed to Coopriders proposal for this trust-building night, as she knew that she would have to co-parent with Coopriders for the next two decades and viewed this as a last-ditch opportunity to get on reasonable terms with the father of her daughter. She also understood that Coopriders might abandon their daughter entirely given his unhappiness with the pregnancy and his military responsibilities, which were likely to place him in locations far from Corpus Christi. Ms. Davis thought that the proposed “trust building night” could salvage something from a bad situation and

increase the likelihood that her soon-to-be-born daughter would have at least some semblance of a relationship with her biological father.

51. Coopriider came to Davis's house on the night of April 5, 2025, for the "trust building" session. Coopriider told Davis that he wanted to make her a hot drink, and that hot drinks were helping him relax at night and improving his sleep, and that he had brought his own hot chocolate from his apartment. Ms. Davis agreed to this and allowed Coopriider to make hot chocolate for her.

52. While Coopriider was preparing the hot chocolate, Ms. Davis stepped outside to let her dog in. Unbeknownst to Ms. Davis, Coopriider was lacing her drink with the abortion pills that he had obtained from Aid Access.

53. When Coopriider finished preparing the hot chocolate, they drank it together while watching TV. This is how Coopriider and Davis normally spent time together.

II. Davis Begins Hemorrhaging And Cramping Within 30 Minutes After Drinking The Contaminated Hot Chocolate

54. Shortly before midnight, and within 30 minutes of consuming the tainted drink, Ms. Davis began hemorrhaging and cramping.

55. Davis immediately sought help from Coopriider. Coopriider said that he would get Davis's mother and drive her to Davis's house so that she could stay with Ms. Davis's three children (who were sleeping upstairs) while they went to the emergency room. Coopriider also promised to drive Ms. Davis to the emergency room after bringing her mother to her house.

56. Ms. Davis's mother was 77 years old at the time, disabled, and unable to drive, so she could not drive herself to Davis's house, nor could she drive Davis to the emergency room. Coopriider knew all of this.

57. Ms. Davis's mother lives only 10 minutes away from Ms. Davis. Exhibits 33 and 34 contain Google maps showing the estimated driving time from Ms. Davis's

house to her mother's house. Exhibit 33 shows that it would take 7–10 minutes for someone to drive from Ms. Davis's house to her mother's house at 12:00 A.M. on April 6, 2025. Exhibit 34 shows that it would take 8–10 minutes to return to Ms. Davis's house from Ms. Davis's mother's house at 12:00 A.M. on April 6, 2025.²

58. At 12:10 A.M. on April 6, 2025, Davis called her mother to tell her that Cooprider was coming to pick her up. *See* Exhibit 35. The call lasted for two minutes. *See id.*

59. After ending this call, Davis texted her mom's address to Cooprider at 12:12 A.M. Cooprider left the house immediately thereafter, on the pretense that he would pick up Davis's mother and return to take Ms. Davis to the emergency room. *See* Exhibit 36.³

III. Cooprider Abandons Davis And Disappears After Promising To Pick Up Her Mother And Drive Ms. Davis To The Emergency Room

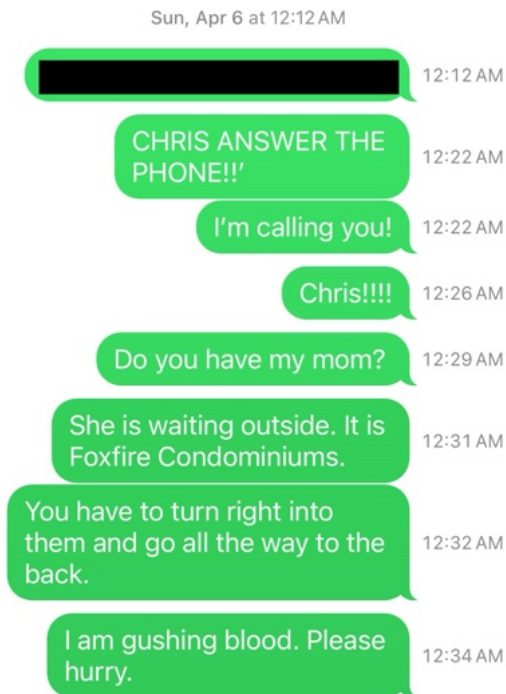
60. After Cooprider left Ms. Davis's house at 12:12 A.M., he vamoosed and stopped answering his phone or texts, leaving Davis to fend for herself. He never picked up Ms. Davis's mom, who stood waiting for him outside her condominium. And he never returned to Ms. Davis's house.

61. At 12:21 A.M., Ms. Davis began calling Cooprider in a desperate attempt to find out where he was and when he might pick up her mother. But Davis's calls went unanswered. She called Cooprider at 12:21 A.M., at 12:22 A.M., at 12:26 A.M., at 12:39 A.M., and at 12:45 A.M. Cooprider refused to answer or return any of these calls. *See* Exhibits 37–41.

2. The addresses have been redacted from the exhibits.

3. The address of Ms. Davis's mother is redacted from the string of texts that appears in Exhibit 36, but it was sent to Cooprider in the redacted text message next to the 12:12 A.M. timestamp.

62. Davis also sent a barrage of increasingly desperate text messages to Coopridier when he failed to arrive at her mother's house by 12:22 A.M.:



See Exhibit 36.⁴

63. When Coopridier did not respond to these phone calls or texts, Ms. Davis sent her mother \$50.00 through PayPal to pay for an Uber ride to her house. Ms. Davis's mom ordered an Uber, which picked her up at 12:49 A.M. and dropped her off at Ms. Davis's house at 12:58 A.M. The receipt for this Uber ride is attached as Exhibit 41.

4. The redacted text message sent at 12:12 A.M. is the address for Ms. Davis's mom, which Davis texted to Coopridier as he left her house for the ostensible purpose of picking up her mother, who lived only 10 minutes away. When Coopridier failed to arrive at her mother's house within 10 minutes of leaving the house at 12:12 A.M., Ms. Davis began calling and texting him.

64. At 12:44 A.M.—more than 30 minutes after he had left the house to pick up Ms. Davis's mother who lived only 10 minutes away—Cooprider finally texted Ms. Davis and wrote:

I'm trying to find her.. 12:44 AM

Are you OK? 12:44 AM

See Exhibit 36.

65. Davis immediately texted back and instructed Cooprider to return to her house and take her to the emergency room:

No! When I didn't hear from you, I sent my mom money for an Uber and she is getting in an Uber. Please turn around and come back and get me. Please. 12:45 AM

Hurry. 12:45 AM

I am soaking blood. 12:45 AM

Please call me NOW or I'm calling an ambulance. 12:46 AM

My mom is in an Uber on her way here. She no longer needs a ride. As we discussed, now I need you to take me to the hospital. 12:52 AM

Just wherever you are, please turn around and come to me at the house. You don't need to do anything else. Stop looking for my mom if that's what you're doing. 12:53 AM

Chris, this is very odd that you know I am having an emergency and you are not reachable and taking a long time to answer. This is what we have talked about for the longest time and how this is my time of need.

12:54 AM

See Exhibits 42–43.

66. Five minutes later, Coopridier texted back and curtly told Ms. Davis that he would not return or help her:

I'm sorry, i have to go to my flight tomorrow

12:59 AM

See Exhibit 43.

67. Ms. Davis was incredulous at this response, as Coopridier was not at home (he lived next door to Ms. Davis). Davis asked Coopridier to reveal his whereabouts and explain what he had been doing since he left Ms. Davis's house at 12:12 A.M.:

Where did you go? You aren't home. Did you even go out to find my mom?

1:01 AM

See Exhibit 43. Coopridier never responded to or answered this text message.

68. By now Davis realized that Coopridier had poisoned her (and her baby) with the abortion pills that he had bought, and that he had abandoned her and lied to delay Davis from obtaining medical care that might save her unborn daughter.

69. Davis was desperate to find a ride to the hospital, as her mother is unable to drive and Coopridier, who had promised to return to her house and drive her to the emergency room, had deserted her. So Davis hobbled to a neighbor's house and banged on her door to ask for a ride to the emergency room. The neighbor graciously

agreed to give Ms. Davis a ride to the emergency room at the Corpus Christi Medical Center Bay Area.

70. When Ms. Davis left the house to seek help from her neighbor, she noticed a silver truck idling outside across the street and a few houses down that looked similar to the Toyota Tacoma silver truck owned by Coopridier. The truck quickly drove off when Davis stepped outside, in a direction away from Davis and her house. Ms. Davis also noticed that Coopridier's silver truck was not parked in his driveway next door.

71. At 1:24 a.m., Ms. Davis arrived at the emergency room and texted Coopridier to let him know:

I am at the hospital in the ER. 1:24 AM

See Exhibit 43. Coopridier did not acknowledge or respond to this text message.

72. When Ms. Davis arrived at the Bay Area hospital emergency room, the doctors were unable to save her baby. Baby Joy died at eight weeks LMP, murdered by her own father.

IV. Coopridier Leaves Behind Evidence Of The Murder At Ms. Davis's House

73. After Coopridier had left the house at 12:12 A.M., but before Ms. Davis left her house for the emergency room, Ms. Davis discovered the box of mifepristone that Coopridier had purchased from Aid Access, which still had the label with Coopridier's name on it. The box was opened and the mifepristone pill was missing from its blister pack.

74. Ms. Davis also discovered an orange pill bottle with the label peeled off containing one mifepristone pill and two of the 12 misoprostol pills that Coopridier had purchased from Aid Access. The orange pill bottle was slightly larger than the misoprostol bottle that Coopridier had obtained from Aid Access. For some reason Coopridier had put the mifepristone and misoprostol pills into this larger bottle, either

to consolidate or disguise the drugs. Coopriider mixed the remaining 10 misoprostol pills into the hot chocolate that he had prepared for Ms. Davis that night.

75. Ms. Davis brought this evidence with her to the emergency room and turned it over to the Corpus Christi police.

CLAIM FOR RELIEF NO. 1 — WRONGFUL DEATH

76. The wrongful-death statute allows surviving parents to sue those who cause the death of an unborn child by a wrongful act, neglect, carelessness, unskillfulness, or default. *See* Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code § 71.002(b) (“A person is liable for damages arising from an injury that causes an individual’s death if the injury was caused by the person’s or his agent’s or servant’s wrongful act, neglect, carelessness, unskillfulness, or default.”); Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code § 71.001(4) (“‘Individual’ includes an unborn child at every stage of gestation from fertilization until birth.”).

77. Each of the defendants caused the death of Ms. Davis’s unborn child through their wrongful acts, which violated the law in each the following respects:

78. Section 171.063(a)(1) of the Texas Health and Safety Code prohibits anyone other than a Texas-licensed physician from providing abortion-inducing drugs to a pregnant woman for the purpose of inducing an abortion. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.063(a) (“A person may not knowingly provide an abortion-inducing drug to a pregnant woman for the purpose of inducing an abortion in the pregnant woman or enabling another person to induce an abortion in the pregnant woman unless: (1) the person who provides the abortion-inducing drug is a physician”). A violation of section 171.063(a)(1) is a state jail felony. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.065(a). Defendant Coopriider, as a non-physician, violated section 171.063(a)(1) by knowingly providing abortion-inducing drugs to Liana Davis for the purpose of inducing the abortion of her unborn child. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts are criminally responsible for Coopriider’s violations of section

171.063(a)(1) because they knowingly aided Coopriders' provision of abortion-inducing drugs to a pregnant woman. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 7.02.

79. Section 171.063(a)(2) of the Texas Health and Safety Code prohibits individuals from providing abortion-inducing drugs to a pregnant woman for the purpose of abortion unless they comply with the protocols in subchapter D of chapter 171 of the Texas Health and Safety Code. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.063(a) ("A person may not knowingly provide an abortion-inducing drug to a pregnant woman for the purpose of inducing an abortion in the pregnant woman or enabling another person to induce an abortion in the pregnant woman unless: . . . (2) the provision of the abortion-inducing drug satisfies the protocol authorized by this subchapter"). A violation of section 171.063(a)(2) is a state jail felony. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.065(a). Defendant Coopriders violated section 171.063(a)(2) by knowingly providing abortion-inducing drugs to Liana Davis for the purpose of inducing an abortion of Ms. Davis's unborn child without complying with the required protocols. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts violated section 171.063(a)(2) by knowingly sending abortion-inducing drugs into Texas, which they knew would be provided to a pregnant woman for the purpose of inducing an abortion. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts are also criminally responsible for Coopriders' violations of section 171.063(a)(2) because they knowingly aided his provision of abortion-inducing drugs to a pregnant woman. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 7.02.

80. Section 171.0631 of the Texas Health and Safety Code prohibits any person from providing abortion-inducing drugs to a pregnant woman without complying with the informed-consent requirements of subchapter B of chapter 171 of the Texas Health and Safety Code, which include a mandatory ultrasound. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.0631 ("A person may not provide an abortion-inducing drug to a pregnant woman without satisfying the applicable informed consent requirements of Subchapter B."). A violation of section 171.0631 is a state jail felony. *See* Tex. Health

& Safety Code § 171.065(a). Defendant Cooprider violated section 171.0631 by providing abortion-inducing drugs to Liana Davis without complying with the mandatory ultrasound and other statutory informed-consent requirements. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts violated section 171.0631 by knowingly sending abortion-inducing drugs into Texas, which they knew would be provided to a pregnant woman for the purpose of inducing an abortion. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts are also criminally responsible for Cooprider's violations of section 171.0631 because they knowingly aided his provision of abortion-inducing drugs to a pregnant woman. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 7.02.

81. Section 171.003 of the Texas Health and Safety Code prohibits anyone other than a Texas-licensed physician to perform abortions. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.003 (“An abortion may be performed only by a physician licensed to practice medicine in this state.”). Cooprider is not a Texas-licensed physician, and he performed an abortion in violation of section 171.003 by lacing Ms. Davis's drink with abortion pills. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts also violated section 171.003 by knowingly aiding an illegal self-managed abortion in Texas. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 7.02.

82. Section 171.011 of the Texas Health and Safety Code prohibits any person from performing an abortion without complying with the informed-consent requirements of subchapter B of chapter 171 of the Texas Health and Safety Code, which include a mandatory ultrasound. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.011 (“A person may not perform an abortion without the voluntary and informed consent of the woman on whom the abortion is to be performed.”). Defendant Cooprider performed an abortion in violation of section 171.011 because he did not conduct the mandatory ultrasound or comply with the other statutory informed-consent requirements before spiking Ms. Davis's drink with abortion pills. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts also violated section 171.011 by aiding an illegal self-managed

abortion in Texas that did not comply with the mandatory ultrasound and other statutory informed-consent requirements.

83. Chapter 245 of the Texas Health and Safety Code requires abortions in Texas to be performed in licensed abortion facilities (subject to exceptions not applicable here). *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 245.002(2) (“‘Abortion facility’ means a place where abortions are performed.”); *id.* at § 245.003(a) (“Except as provided by Section 245.004, a person may not establish or operate an abortion facility in this state without an appropriate license issued under this chapter.”). Defendant Coopridier violated chapter 245 of the Texas Health and Safety Code by performing an abortion that took place outside a licensed abortion facility. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts also violated chapter 245 by aiding an illegal self-managed abortion in Texas that took place outside a licensed abortion facility.

84. Federal law imposes criminal liability on any person who:

- a. Knowingly uses the mails for the mailing, carriage, or delivery of abortion-inducing drugs;
- b. Knowingly uses any express company, common carrier, or interactive computer service for carriage of abortion-inducing drugs in interstate or foreign commerce; or
- c. Knowingly takes or receives abortion-inducing drugs from an express company, a common carrier, or an interactive computer service.

18 U.S.C. §§ 1461–1462. Defendants Coopridier, Aid Access, and Rebecca Gomperts violated these federal criminal laws by using the mails, an express company, a common carrier, or an interactive computer service to mail, carry or deliver abortion-inducing drugs.

85. Articles 4512.1–4512.6 of the Texas Revised Civil Statutes make abortion a felony criminal offense unless the life of the mother is endangered. Violations of articles 4512.1–4512.6 are punishable by two to five years imprisonment. Defendant

Cooprider violated articles 4512.1–4512.6 by performing an abortion in Texas that was not needed to save the life of the mother. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts also violated articles 4512.1–4512.6 by aiding an abortion in Texas that was not needed to save the life of the mother.

86. Section 170A.002 of the Texas Health and Safety Code also makes abortion a felony criminal offense unless the abortion is performed to avert the risk of death or a serious risk of substantial impairment of a major bodily function. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 170A.002. Violations of section 170A.002 are punishable by five to 99 years imprisonment. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 12.32. Defendant Cooprider violated section 170A.002 by performing an abortion in Texas that was not needed to avert the risk of death or a serious risk of substantial impairment of a major bodily function. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts also violated section 170A.002 by aiding an abortion in Texas that was not needed to avert the risk of death or a serious risk of substantial impairment of a major bodily function.

87. Performing or assisting an illegal abortion in Texas is an act of murder. *See* Texas Penal Code § 1.07; *id.* at § 19.02; *id.* at § 19.06 (murder statute). Defendants Cooprider, Aid Access, and Rebecca Gomperts committed murder under section 19.02(b)(1) because they “intentionally and knowingly caused the death” of Ms. Davis’s unborn child. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 19.02(b) (“A person commits an offense if he: (1) intentionally or knowingly causes the death of an individual”). Defendants Cooprider, Aid Access, and Rebecca Gomperts also committed murder under section 19.02(b)(2) because they “intended to cause serious bodily injury and committed an act clearly dangerous to human life that caused the death” of Ms. Davis’s unborn child. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 19.02(b) (“A person commits an offense if he: . . . (2) intends to cause serious bodily injury and commits an act clearly dangerous to human life that causes the death of an individual”).

88. Defendants Coopriders, Aid Access, and Rebecca Gomperts are also guilty of felony murder. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 19.02(b)(3). Their shipment and delivery of abortion pills was a felony. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.063(a); Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.065(a); 18 U.S.C. §§ 1461–1462. And these felonious acts were “clearly dangerous to human life” and “cause[d] the death of an individual.” Tex. Penal Code § 19.02(b)(3); Texas Penal Code § 1.07 (“individual” includes “an unborn child at every stage of gestation from fertilization until birth.”).

89. None of the exceptions in Texas’s wrongful-death statute shield the defendants from liability. Sections 71.003(c)(2) and (c)(4) of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code are inapplicable because Coopriders was not performing a “lawful medical procedure” or a “lawful medical or health care practice or procedure.” And section 71.003(c)(3) is inapplicable because the abortion pills were not dispensed or administered “in accordance with law.”

CLAIM FOR RELIEF NO. 2 — INJUNCTION UNDER HB 7

90. The Aid Access defendants continue to mail abortion-inducing drugs into Texas in violation of Texas law, and they intend to continue mailing abortion-inducing drugs into Texas unless a federal court restrains them from doing so.

91. Texas’s HB 7, which took effect on December 4, 2025, authorizes Ms. Davis to sue as a qui tam relator and seek an injunction against the Aid Access defendants or anyone else who intends to mail, transport, deliver, prescribe, or provide an abortion-inducing drug to any person or location in Texas. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171A.051(a)(2); *id.* at § 171A.101(a)(2); *id.* at 171A.104(a)(1).

92. Aid Access has mailed abortion pills into Texas many times since HB 7 took effect on December 4, 2025.

93. Ms. Davis has Article III standing to sue the Aid Access defendants as an assignee of the state’s claim for relief, regardless of whether Ms. Davis is suffering

injury in fact on account of the Aid Access defendants' actions or intended actions. See Vermont Agency of Natural Resources v. United States ex rel. Stevens, 529 U.S. 765 (2000); Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171A.101.

94. Ms. Davis is entitled to recover at least \$100,000.00 for each of the Aid Access defendants' violations of HB 7, plus court costs and reasonable attorneys' fees. See Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171A.104(a)(2)–(3).

DEMAND FOR RELIEF

95. Ms. Davis requests that the court:

- a. order the defendants to pay nominal, compensatory, and punitive damages for the wrongful death of Ms. Davis's unborn child;
- b. order the Aid Access defendants to pay at least \$100,000.00 for each of their violations of HB 7;
- c. permanently enjoin the Aid Access defendants from distributing, mailing, transporting, delivering, prescribing, or providing abortion-inducing drugs in any manner to or from any person or location in Texas;
- d. order the Aid Access defendants to pay Ms. Davis's court costs and reasonable attorneys' fees under Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171A.104(a)(3);
- ☞ grant all other relief that the Court deems just, proper, or equitable.

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Respectfully submitted.

/s/ Jonathan F. Mitchell
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Dated: July 25, 2026,

Counsel for Plaintiff

Deleted: August 11, 2025

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION

Liana Davis,

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No. 2:25-cv-220

**Christopher Cooprider; Aid Access
GmbH; Aid Access B.V.; Access and
More B.V.; Rebecca Gomperts,**

Defendants.

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

Christopher Cooprider murdered Liana Davis's unborn child by secretly dissolving abortion pills into a hot beverage that he had prepared and tricking Davis into drinking it. Cooprider obtained these drugs from Aid Access, a criminal organization that illegally ships abortion pills into Texas and other jurisdictions where abortion has been outlawed. Ms. Davis sues to recover damages from Cooprider and Aid Access for the wrongful death of her unborn child. *See* Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code § 71.001 *et seq.*

Ms. Davis also seeks an injunction as a qui tam relator to stop the Aid Access defendants from distributing abortion-inducing drugs in violation of Texas law, as well as statutory damages for Aid Access's violations of Texas's HB 7. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171A.101(a); Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171A.104(a)(1)–(3).

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. The Court has subject-matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1332, as the parties are completely diverse and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00.

2. The Court has personal jurisdiction over defendant Cooprider because he murdered Ms. Davis's unborn child in Texas, and the plaintiff's claims arise out of those minimum contacts with the forum state. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts because they purposefully and knowingly mailed abortion-inducing drugs into Texas in violation of state and federal law, and the plaintiff's claims arise out of those minimum contacts with the forum state.

3. Venue is proper in this district and division because a substantial part of the events giving rise to the claims occurred in Nueces County. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2).

PARTIES

4. Plaintiff Liana Davis is a citizen of Texas.

5. Defendant Christopher Cooprider is a citizen of Arizona.

6. Defendant Aid Access GmbH is a Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung (GmbH) incorporated under the laws of Austria. Its principal place of business is in Austria.

7. Defendant Aid Access B.V. is a Besloten Vennootschap (B.V.) (similar to a private limited liability company) incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands. Its principal place of business is in the Netherlands. Its sole shareholder is defendant Access and More B.V.

8. Defendant Access and More B.V. is a Besloten Vennootschap (B.V.). incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands. Its principal place of business is in the Netherlands. Its sole shareholder is Rebecca Gomperts.

9. For simplicity and ease of exposition, the complaint will refer to Aid Access GmbH, Aid Access B.V., and Access and More B.V. collectively as "Aid Access."

10. Defendant Rebecca Gomperts is a citizen of the Netherlands. She is the founder and director of Aid Access, and the sole shareholder of defendant Access and More B.V., which in turn is the sole shareholder of defendant Aid Access B.V.

11. For simplicity and ease of exposition, the complaint will refer to Aid Access GmbH, Aid Access B.V., Access and More B.V., and Rebecca Gomperts collectively as “the Aid Access defendants.”

STATEMENT OF FACTS

12. Defendant Christopher Cooprider is a Marine pilot in training who is temporarily stationed in Corpus Christi. Cooprider remains a domiciliary and citizen of Arizona. *See* Exhibit 1.

13. Cooprider resides next door to plaintiff Liana Davis in Corpus Christi.

14. In early 2025, Ms. Davis became pregnant with Cooprider’s child.

15. Ms. Davis learned that the baby would be a girl and named her Joy. She looked forward to giving birth and raising her daughter alongside her three children from a previous marriage.

16. Cooprider had different plans. He wanted the baby dead—and he made that clear to Ms. Davis in no uncertain terms. This became a daily source of contention between Cooprider and Davis, as Cooprider would constantly pressure Davis to kill their unborn child, while Davis consistently rebuffed his requests and made clear that she intended to give birth.

17. Cooprider told Davis that he wanted to kill her unborn child even before Davis had taken a test to confirm her pregnancy. On January 31, 2025, Davis and Cooprider exchanged the following text messages:

Now to answer ur q, what would u want to do? I'd want to u to have input 7:47 PM

I would like to get rid of it, if the test is positive 7:49 PM

Jesus. I thought you were conservative. 8:14 PM

So you're one of those "conservative til it happens to your own mistress" guys 8:53 PM

We are not in love. We are not together. Would be messed up to bring a child into the world without both parents raising them 9:18 PM

Can't imagine not knowing my father, or being raised by him 9:21 PM

See Exhibit 2.

18. On February 3, 2025, Coopridier expressed similar sentiments over text messages, again before Davis had taken any test to confirm the pregnancy:

If it's positive then we need to schedule a clinic visit and get an abortion pill asap 2:20 PM

Excuse me? 2:20 PM

I don't know where or when you think that is happening. The nearest clinic last time I checked (and only checked bc I was teaching a sex ed unit in a health class) is San Antonio, and that was years ago. Clinics have been getting shut down left right and center.

2:23 PM

But way more importantly, that's not your decision to make alone.

2:24 PM

You don't want either do you?

2:24 PM

Because it jeopardizes all your current battles and issues

2:25 PM

See Exhibit 3.

19. When Cooprider learned of the positive pregnancy test on February 4, 2025, he reiterated his desire for an abortion, but Ms. Davis rebuked him:

It's also just the right thing to do in this situation. Get rid of it

2:40 PM

"You're repeating yourself"

3:04 PM

The right thing to do in your opinion. Some would view it as taking an innocent life.

3:05 PM

Moving forward, can you PLEASE 🙏 re-phrase? Every time you say "get rid of it" it's like an electric shock.

3:06 PM

I literally feel like I'm going down the steepest hill on a roller coaster when I read that.

3:07 PM

See Exhibit 4.

20. On February 5, 2025, the day after the positive pregnancy test, Coopridier texted Davis and announced that he was going to order abortion drugs for her to take. Ms. Davis was appalled and told him not to do it:

Wed, Feb 5 at 10:48 AM

I'm going to be able to get the 2 drugs needed to discontinue pregnancy. Should be able to use them 2 weeks from today 👍 10:48 AM

Stop right there. 10:48 AM

I'll let you know after i get them and have them 10:48 AM

Let me get up to my office to discuss this. 10:48 AM

Don't buy anything 10:50 AM

They can be safely taken at home and without medical supervision. And without record 10:51 AM

Slow your roll 10:51 AM

It's a safe and reliable 24-48 hour process. With minor setbacks like stomach pain, cramps, nausea, bleeding 10:52 AM

See Exhibit 5.

21. Coopridier ignored Ms. Davis's objections and ordered the drugs anyway. On February 6, 2025, at 3:38 P.M., Coopridier texted Ms. Davis and said:

Thu, Feb 6 at 3:38 PM

Hey good news!

3:38 PM

Found an American website to get plan C pills from. Those FDA approved pills are on their way here 👍

3:40 PM

See Exhibit 6.

22. Ms. Davis reprimanded Coopridier for purchasing those drugs without her consent and against her explicit instructions. She texted:

Well YEAH I'm not ok with u buying something like that w/o my permission. It's not a benign purchase.

11:01 PM

It's not like buying toothpaste. It's *double-checks notes* ABORTION PILLS.

11:02 PM

It's so presumptuous.

See Exhibit 7.

23. On February 11, 2025, at 7:52 A.M. central time, Coopridier texted Davis to inform her that the abortion drugs had arrived. Ms. Davis responded to his text with a thumbs-down emoji:

The pills just got here

7:52 AM

See Exhibit 8.

24. Coopridier showed Davis the receipt for his purchase on his cell phone. When Ms. Davis looked at the receipt on Coopridier's phone, she saw that he had purchased the drugs from Aid Access. Aid Access is listed on the "plan C" website

that Cooprider mentioned in his earlier text as one of its “US-Based Online Clinics” that sends abortion-inducing drugs into Texas. *See* <https://www.plancpills.org/abortion-pill/texas#ways-people-get-pills> [<https://perma.cc/76XM-KZU2>]. The Plan C website lists the price for pills obtained through Aid Access as “\$150 or less,” and promises delivery to Texas for pills ordered from Aid Access in “2–5 days.” *Id.* Cooprider ordered the pills on Thursday, February 6, 2025, and they arrived on Tuesday, February 11, 2025—exactly five days later, and within the 2–5 day delivery window described on the Plan C pills website.

25. On February 18, 2025, Cooprider brought the abortion pills to Davis’s house and asked her to kill the baby with the drugs that he had purchased. Davis refused and made clear to Cooprider that she had no intention of aborting. But Cooprider was undeterred, and he repeatedly brought the drugs to Davis’s house when he came to visit. Sometimes Cooprider would leave the drugs behind at her house after he left, in the apparent hope that Davis might change her mind and ingest the pills on her own initiative. Other times Cooprider would take the drugs with him when he returned to his house. And sometimes Cooprider split the difference, leaving the mifepristone with Davis while taking the misoprostol pills with him.¹ All of this disturbed Ms. Davis, who disliked having Cooprider’s abortion pills in her home.

26. Ms. Davis took pictures of the abortion drugs that Cooprider had purchased from Aid Access. The box containing the mifepristone contains a label indicating that the drugs were prescribed to “Chris Cooprider” by someone described as “L.M. MD”:

1. The abortion-pill regimen requires a pregnant woman to ingest two pills approximately 24–48 hours apart. Mifepristone (or mifeprex) is the first of the two drugs that must be taken, which blocks the hormone progesterone. Misoprostol is the second drug taken 24–48 hours after the mifepristone, which expels the unborn child from the uterus.



See Exhibits 9 and 10.

27. The bottle containing the misoprostol also contains a label indicating that the drugs were prescribed to “Chris Coopridner” by the same “L.M. MD”:



See Exhibits 11–12. There were 12 misoprostol pills included in this bottle.

28. For over a month Coopridner tried to browbeat Ms. Davis into killing her unborn child with the abortion pills that he had obtained, but his efforts went nowhere. On February 18, 2025, at 9:07 A.M., Coopridner texted Davis in one of his early attempts to persuade her to ingest the “M&M’s” (Coopridner’s shorthand for mifepristone and misoprostol):

Want you to practice some positive reinforcement. At the beginning of every hour say out loud, "I am going to be good and safe after taking the M&M's"

9:07 AM

That one sentence will help you build mental armor that will help protect you

9:09 AM

See Exhibit 13.

29. The next day, on February 19, 2025, Coopridier and Davis exchanged text messages in which Coopridier repeated his desire for an abortion, while Davis rebuked him for his selfish attitude:

Tell me how having the pregnancy would help improve my life?

10:40 PM

Once again (let me get my claps ready)...

10:40 PM

Zero pros for me; Only cons

10:40 PM

It's Not. 🖐️ About. 🖐️ Improving. 🖐️ Your. 🖐️ Life. 🖐️

10:41 PM

Having children with my partner will absolutely improve my life someday

10:41 PM

It's a hand you were dealt, and this little person did nothing to harm you, they are not dangerous, they are not some infectious agent that you have to stay far away from. That's what you're acting like.

10:42 PM

See Exhibit 14.

30. On March 5, 2025, Davis pleaded with Coopridier to accompany her to an ultrasound appointment that she had scheduled for March 21, 2025. (Davis wanted Coopridier to attend the appointment because she held out hope that seeing the sonogram images of the baby might change his mind.) Coopridier said he would come only if Davis promised to abort her unborn child:

Please come with me bc you said you would and I have held up my end of the deal on EVERYTHING so far. Everything Chris. Please don't bail on me.

11:56 AM

Text Message • RCS

I will come with, but only if you agree that under NO circumstances is that potential child to be born

11:57 AM

If ultrasound says it is somehow alive. Then it needs to be aborted

11:57 AM

See Exhibit 15.

31. A few minutes later, Coopridier repeated his demands for an abortion before agreeing to accompany Davis to the ultrasound appointment:

If it's confirmed alive, then it needs to be aborted

11:59 AM

Without fail

11:59 AM

That is best for everyone

11:59 AM

I know your stance on that.
Please tell me you'll come with
me or I'm canceling this
altogether bc I made it with the
understanding that you were
coming with me.

12:00 PM

Text Message • RCS

What do you plan to do if it's
alive

12:01 PM

Text Message • SMS

I already told you. Take a beat
to regroup and process. Then
go from there.

12:01 PM

See Exhibit 16.

32. A few minutes later, after he had agreed to attend the ultrasound appointment, Coopridier again demanded an abortion without regard to Davis's wishes:

Yes or no are you coming? If
not I'm calling and canceling.
And they might give that time
to someone else, which would
push us to the next week if I
wanted to reschedule.

12:02 PM

Text Message • RCS

I'll go

12:03 PM

Text Message • SMS

Ty

12:03 PM

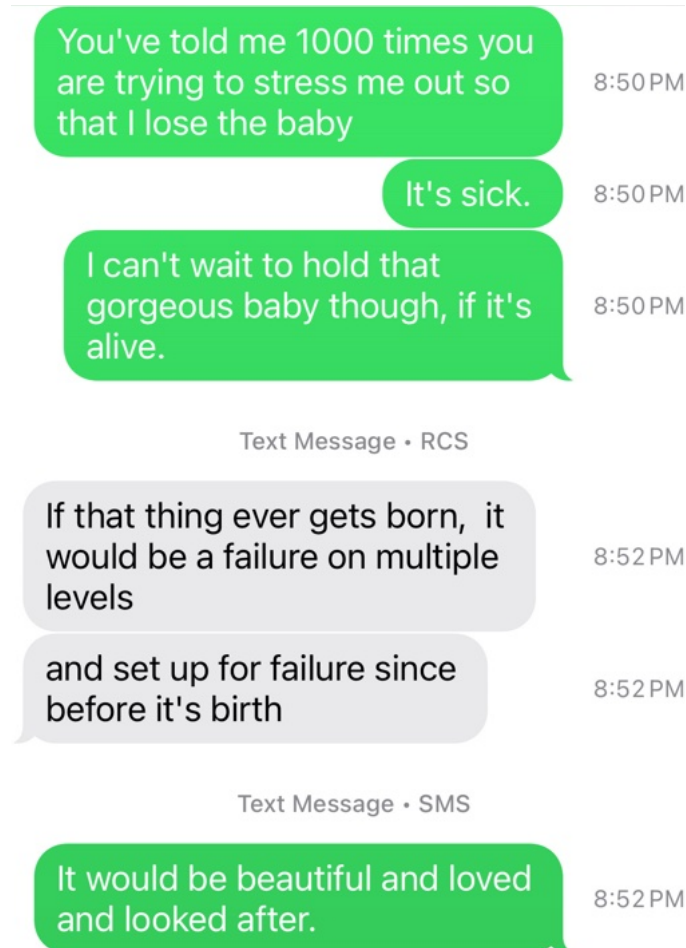
Text Message • RCS

But it needs to be aborted and
gone, no matter what

12:03 PM

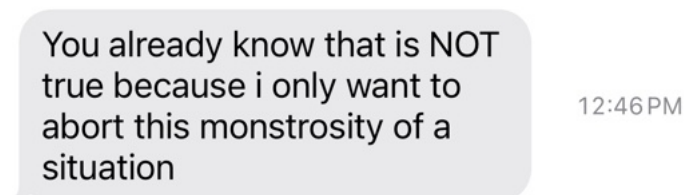
See Exhibit 17.

33. The next day, on March 6, 2025, at 8:50 P.M., Coopridier called the baby a “thing” and claimed that its birth would be “a failure on multiple levels”:



See Exhibit 18.

34. The ultrasound appointment of March 21, 2025, and the sonogram pictures did nothing to change Coopridier’s mind, and he only doubled down on his insistence that the baby be killed. On March 26, 2025, at 12:46 P.M., Coopridier texted that he wanted to “abort this monstrosity”:



See Exhibit 19.

35. Later that day, after Davis rebuked Coopriders for calling the baby a “mistake,” Coopriders complained that he was “trapped” by Davis’s unwillingness to abort:

I have never called the baby a mistake. It's a terrible thing to call a human life.

1:08 PM

Text Message • RCS

Cool blame that on me then. It is 100% a mistake

1:08 PM

Text Message • SMS

I don't like that Chris.

1:10 PM

Text Message • RCS

I don't like this situation, yet here i am trapped in it every day

1:10 PM

Text Message • SMS

Babies aren't mistakes. They shouldn't be called that.

1:11 PM

Text Message • RCS

Called it whatever you want. I will call it whatever i want

1:13 PM

See Exhibit 20.

36. More texts were exchanged on March 26, 2025, in which Coopriders continued to harangue Davis for refusing to abort:

Realistically?!?!? 2:10 PM

Realistically alllll our problems could be gone tomorrow!! 2:10 PM

It is just that simple 2:10 PM

But you are going to do whatever you wanna do despite statistics and facts 2:11 PM

So go on ahead 2:11 PM

Text Message • SMS

I'm not doing anything wrong. 2:11 PM

Just waiting to hear how baby is doing in there. 2:11 PM

People are more than statistics and facts. 2:12 PM

They are complex creatures and have feelings. 2:12 PM

I'm not some robot. 2:12 PM

See Exhibit 21.

37. On March 28, 2025, Ms. Davis sent Coopriders a series of text messages that gently encouraged him to reconsider his desire for an abortion. See Exhibit 22. But Coopriders would have none of it:

You can keep trying hoping I'll change my mind. But it will absolutely not happen 10:16 PM

See Exhibit 22.

38. Davis tried again on March 28, 2025, asking Coopriders regard their baby as a blessing rather than a parasite. But Coopriders was rude and dismissive:

A pregnancy happened. It wasn't planned or expected. Since there's nothing I can do about it other than abort (and I don't like the idea of that), I'm almost at the point where I'm trying to look at this as a blessing or a gift.

10:40 PM

Because that's what babies are. Just because I'm not married to the father and the pregnancy was accidental, doesn't mean that this baby would be any less of a blessing or a gift.

10:42 PM

They are a beautiful thing. I do not understand my higher power's plan for me (haven't for almost a year now), but if this is their plan, then I'm prepared to take on the responsibility.

10:44 PM

This is 100% a fucked up and messed up situation. You can spin it any way you want

10:44 PM

See Exhibit 23.

39. A few minutes later, Coopridier called Davis “delusional” for describing her pregnancy this way:

The fact that you can't see how bad and messed up this is, that's completely delusional

10:47 PM

See Exhibit 24.

40. Davis tried again but was met with yet another derisive response:

How is it that bad? I have a safe and loving home for this baby to live in. We have everything they need. I am capable of raising a baby. I have support.

10:48 PM

They would be loved and adored and spoiled. This baby would never be put down! There is nothing wrong with thinking of a sweet, beautiful new baby and choosing to be positive about it.

10:50 PM

Ya whatever lady

10:52 PM

It would be soo gorgeous. As unhappy as I am about being pregnant, I'm allowed to look forward to having another baby with enjoyment.

10:52 PM

It doesn't make me a bad person.

10:52 PM

See Exhibit 25.

41. On March 31, 2025, Coopridier texted Davis and made yet another attempt to convince her to abort, this time claiming that the baby would be better off dead and that giving birth would harm Ms. Davis and her other three children:

Look I'm going to tell you some hard truths that your hormonal brain is not going to like

10:27 PM

I've already heard plenty of hard truths.

10:28 PM

Don't insult me, please.
"Hormonal brain" 10:29 PM

Choosing to have that thing
WILL mess with your life. It will
take away and mess with your
3 current kids. Choosing to
have it WILL mess up it's life. It
would be bad for you, your
current kids, and that poor
thing 10:30 PM

It would be better off not being
around 10:30 PM

What do you mean it will "take
away" my 3 current kids?
Watch your mouth. 10:30 PM

My children aren't going
anywhere. 10:30 PM

See Exhibit 26.

42. Later that day, Coopridier made yet another pitch for an abortion, this time by trying to convince Davis that killing her baby would be the "right" thing to do. Once again, Davis refused to go along, insisting that she loved her baby and reiterating her determination to give birth:

You gave me a beautiful gift. I
suppose I should be thanking
you. 10:41 PM

Do things the right way Liana,
and with the right person. You
know deep down inside you,
that this is wrong. This is not a
good thing 10:43 PM

I know that you already know
that inside of you 10:43 PM

Loving this baby feels right. I want it to stay alive. I want to snuggle it and sniff its tiny head and never ever put it down. 🤰

10:47 PM

Do things the right way. You know this is Not right

10:48 PM

Who are we to say this isn't right? We were given this incredible gift, and what feels right is to surround it with all the love in the world.

10:50 PM

See Exhibit 27.

43. Cooprider became abusive and menacing toward Davis when she would not give in to his demands to abort. On March 6, 2025, Cooprider texted the following:

Everything around you, everything you touch gets made worst. Your poor family got driven apart because of your psycho mentality

9:58 PM

Text Message • SMS

Please stop texting me

9:58 PM

I would like you to stop your harassment.

9:58 PM

Text Message • RCS

If i had to deal with your craziness every day like your husband, that would drive me mad too. You probably drove him crazy

9:58 PM

Drove your husband mad and
messed up your own family

10:00 PM

Text Message • SMS

Harassment. I am once again
warning you to stop texting
me, please.

10:00 PM

Text Message • RCS

Now you live in a dead husk of
the family life you tried to
create but ruined

10:00 PM

You can't even take the photos
down of your failed family. So
you have to be reminded of it
every time you walk through a
hallway

10:01 PM

See Exhibits 28–29.

44. Coopridier even threatened to testify against Ms. Davis in her ongoing and bitterly contested divorce proceeding, in which she was battling her abusive and soon-to-be-ex-husband for custody of her three children:

Maybe Devin Paul Davis and i
can become friends

10:03 PM

Wonder if i could help him in
his legal proceedings with his
crazy ex

10:04 PM

See Exhibit 30. Devin Paul Davis is the name of Liana Davis's soon-to-be-ex-husband. Davis had confided in Coopridier on a number of occasions that she was terrified of Devin and told Coopridier the ways in which Devin had physically and emotionally abused her and her children. Coopridier also knew that Ms. Davis and her children were clients at a local domestic-violence agency because of Devin's history of abuse.

45. Finally, on April 1, 2025, Coopridier texted Davis and called her “the worst person” for refusing to accommodate his demands for an abortion:

You are the worst person 11:51 AM

No I'm not! How is a loving mother-to-be the worst person. 11:51 AM

Don't care about me or my perspective 11:52 AM

Or how it's going to affect others 11:52 AM

I do care Chris! 11:52 AM

Just gonna do what you already picture happening in your head 11:53 AM

See Exhibit 31.

I. Coopridier Plots To Murder Ms. Davis’s Unborn Child By Slipping Abortion Pills Into Her Drink

46. By April of 2025, Coopridier had come to the realization that Ms. Davis was determined to give birth and would not budge in response to his badgering and bullying tactics. Coopridier also knew that he was running out of time for Davis to abort with the drugs that he had purchased. The FDA has approved the use of mifepristone and misoprostol for abortions through only the first 10 weeks of pregnancy, as measured from the pregnant woman’s last menstrual period. Ms. Davis was by now eight weeks pregnant, and Coopridier knew that he had no chance of persuading Davis to travel out of state for a surgical abortion if the pregnancy lasted beyond the available time for a drug-induced abortion.

47. Coopriders only hope for an abortion was to trick Davis into ingesting the drugs that he had purchased from Aid Access. So Coopriders decided to murder the baby by mixing the abortion pills into a drink and giving it to Davis. He planned the murder and carried out his plot on the night of April 5, 2025.

48. On April 2, 2025, at 12:15 P.M., Coopriders texted Davis and proposed to have a “trust building night” where he would “make us some warm relaxing tea”:

Was thinking we could hang out one of these night I'm not scheduled and catch up on Reacher	12:15PM
I could make us some warm relaxing tea instead of alcohol	12:16PM
And we could go to bed at a reasonable hour	12:16PM
Called it a "trust building night" if you have to.....	12:16PM

See Exhibit 32.

49. Coopriders billed this “trust building night” as an opportunity to repair the damage caused by his reaction to the pregnancy and his demands for an abortion. This led Davis to believe that Coopriders was now resigned to her decision to give birth to their daughter.

50. Davis agreed to Coopriders proposal for this trust-building night, as she knew that she would have to co-parent with Coopriders for the next two decades and viewed this as a last-ditch opportunity to get on reasonable terms with the father of her daughter. She also understood that Coopriders might abandon their daughter entirely given his unhappiness with the pregnancy and his military responsibilities, which were likely to place him in locations far from Corpus Christi. Ms. Davis thought that the proposed “trust building night” could salvage something from a bad situation and

increase the likelihood that her soon-to-be-born daughter would have at least some semblance of a relationship with her biological father.

51. Cooprider came to Davis's house on the night of April 5, 2025, for the "trust building" session. Cooprider told Davis that he wanted to make her a hot drink, and that hot drinks were helping him relax at night and improving his sleep, and that he had brought his own hot chocolate from his apartment. Ms. Davis agreed to this and allowed Cooprider to make hot chocolate for her.

52. While Cooprider was preparing the hot chocolate, Ms. Davis stepped outside to let her dog in. Unbeknownst to Ms. Davis, Cooprider was lacing her drink with the abortion pills that he had obtained from Aid Access.

53. When Cooprider finished preparing the hot chocolate, they drank it together while watching TV. This is how Cooprider and Davis normally spent time together.

II. Davis Begins Hemorrhaging And Cramping Within 30 Minutes After Drinking The Contaminated Hot Chocolate

54. Shortly before midnight, and within 30 minutes of consuming the tainted drink, Ms. Davis began hemorrhaging and cramping.

55. Davis immediately sought help from Cooprider. Cooprider said that he would get Davis's mother and drive her to Davis's house so that she could stay with Ms. Davis's three children (who were sleeping upstairs) while they went to the emergency room. Cooprider also promised to drive Ms. Davis to the emergency room after bringing her mother to her house.

56. Ms. Davis's mother was 77 years old at the time, disabled, and unable to drive, so she could not drive herself to Davis's house, nor could she drive Davis to the emergency room. Cooprider knew all of this.

57. Ms. Davis's mother lives only 10 minutes away from Ms. Davis. Exhibits 33 and 34 contain Google maps showing the estimated driving time from Ms. Davis's

house to her mother's house. Exhibit 33 shows that it would take 7–10 minutes for someone to drive from Ms. Davis's house to her mother's house at 12:00 A.M. on April 6, 2025. Exhibit 34 shows that it would take 8–10 minutes to return to Ms. Davis's house from Ms. Davis's mother's house at 12:00 A.M. on April 6, 2025.²

58. At 12:10 A.M. on April 6, 2025, Davis called her mother to tell her that Cooprider was coming to pick her up. *See* Exhibit 35. The call lasted for two minutes. *See id.*

59. After ending this call, Davis texted her mom's address to Cooprider at 12:12 A.M. Cooprider left the house immediately thereafter, on the pretense that he would pick up Davis's mother and return to take Ms. Davis to the emergency room. *See* Exhibit 36.³

III. Cooprider Abandons Davis And Disappears After Promising To Pick Up Her Mother And Drive Ms. Davis To The Emergency Room

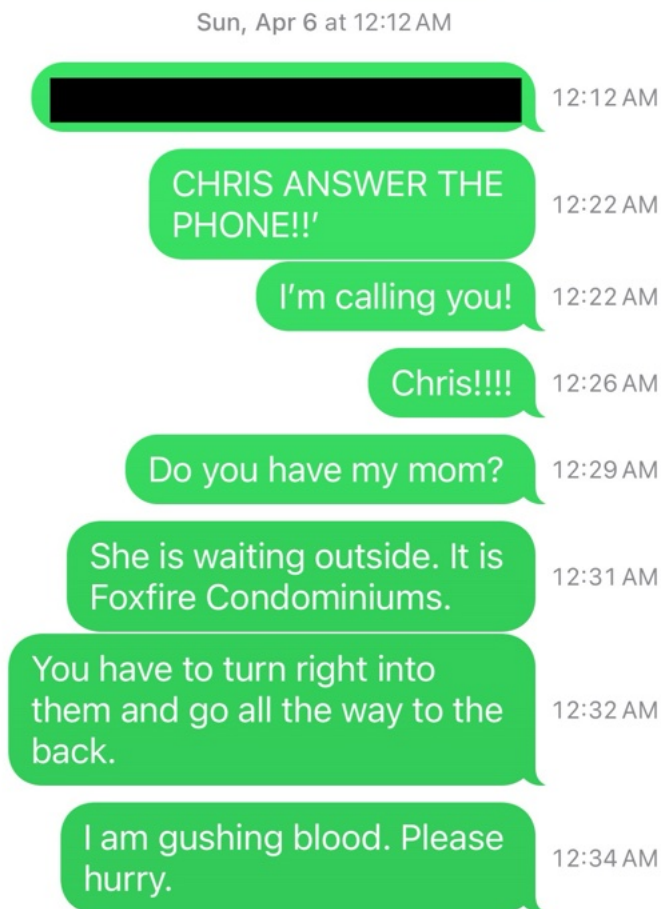
60. After Cooprider left Ms. Davis's house at 12:12 A.M., he vamoosed and stopped answering his phone or texts, leaving Davis to fend for herself. He never picked up Ms. Davis's mom, who stood waiting for him outside her condominium. And he never returned to Ms. Davis's house.

61. At 12:21 A.M., Ms. Davis began calling Cooprider in a desperate attempt to find out where he was and when he might pick up her mother. But Davis's calls went unanswered. She called Cooprider at 12:21 A.M., at 12:22 A.M., at 12:26 A.M., at 12:39 A.M., and at 12:45 A.M. Cooprider refused to answer or return any of these calls. *See* Exhibits 37–41.

2. The addresses have been redacted from the exhibits.

3. The address of Ms. Davis's mother is redacted from the string of texts that appears in Exhibit 36, but it was sent to Cooprider in the redacted text message next to the 12:12 A.M. timestamp.

62. Davis also sent a barrage of increasingly desperate text messages to Coopridier when he failed to arrive at her mother's house by 12:22 A.M.:



See Exhibit 36.⁴

63. When Coopridier did not respond to these phone calls or texts, Ms. Davis sent her mother \$50.00 through PayPal to pay for an Uber ride to her house. Ms. Davis's mom ordered an Uber, which picked her up at 12:49 A.M. and dropped her off at Ms. Davis's house at 12:58 A.M. The receipt for this Uber ride is attached as Exhibit 41.

4. The redacted text message sent at 12:12 A.M. is the address for Ms. Davis's mom, which Davis texted to Coopridier as he left her house for the ostensible purpose of picking up her mother, who lived only 10 minutes away. When Coopridier failed to arrive at her mother's house within 10 minutes of leaving the house at 12:12 A.M., Ms. Davis began calling and texting him.

64. At 12:44 A.M.—more than 30 minutes after he had left the house to pick up Ms. Davis’s mother who lived only 10 minutes away—Cooprider finally texted Ms. Davis and wrote:

I'm trying to find her..

12:44 AM

Are you OK?

12:44 AM

See Exhibit 36.

65. Davis immediately texted back and instructed Cooprider to return to her house and take her to the emergency room:

No! When I didn't hear from you, I sent my mom money for an Uber and she is getting in an Uber. Please turn around and come back and get me. Please.

12:45 AM

Hurry.

12:45 AM

I am soaking blood.

12:45 AM

Please call me NOW or I'm calling an ambulance.

12:46 AM

My mom is in an Uber on her way here. She no longer needs a ride. As we discussed, now I need you to take me to the hospital.

12:52 AM

Just wherever you are, please turn around and come to me at the house. You don't need to do anything else. Stop looking for my mom if that's what you're doing.

12:53 AM

Chris, this is very odd that you know I am having an emergency and you are not reachable and taking a long time to answer. This is what we have talked about for the longest time and how this is my time of need.

12:54 AM

See Exhibits 42–43.

66. Five minutes later, Coopriider texted back and curtly told Ms. Davis that he would not return or help her:

I'm sorry, i have to go to my flight tomorrow

12:59 AM

See Exhibit 43.

67. Ms. Davis was incredulous at this response, as Coopriider was not at home (he lived next door to Ms. Davis). Davis asked Coopriider to reveal his whereabouts and explain what he had been doing since he left Ms. Davis's house at 12:12 A.M.:

Where did you go? You aren't home. Did you even go out to find my mom?

1:01 AM

See Exhibit 43. Coopriider never responded to or answered this text message.

68. By now Davis realized that Coopriider had poisoned her (and her baby) with the abortion pills that he had bought, and that he had abandoned her and lied to delay Davis from obtaining medical care that might save her unborn daughter.

69. Davis was desperate to find a ride to the hospital, as her mother is unable to drive and Coopriider, who had promised to return to her house and drive her to the emergency room, had deserted her. So Davis hobbled to a neighbor's house and banged on her door to ask for a ride to the emergency room. The neighbor graciously

agreed to give Ms. Davis a ride to the emergency room at the Corpus Christi Medical Center Bay Area.

70. When Ms. Davis left the house to seek help from her neighbor, she noticed a silver truck idling outside across the street and a few houses down that looked similar to the Toyota Tacoma silver truck owned by Coopridier. The truck quickly drove off when Davis stepped outside, in a direction away from Davis and her house. Ms. Davis also noticed that Coopridier's silver truck was not parked in his driveway next door.

71. At 1:24 a.m., Ms. Davis arrived at the emergency room and texted Coopridier to let him know:



I am at the hospital in the ER. 1:24 AM

See Exhibit 43. Coopridier did not acknowledge or respond to this text message.

72. When Ms. Davis arrived at the Bay Area hospital emergency room, the doctors were unable to save her baby. Baby Joy died at eight weeks LMP, murdered by her own father.

IV. Coopridier Leaves Behind Evidence Of The Murder At Ms. Davis's House

73. After Coopridier had left the house at 12:12 A.M., but before Ms. Davis left her house for the emergency room, Ms. Davis discovered the box of mifepristone that Coopridier had purchased from Aid Access, which still had the label with Coopridier's name on it. The box was opened and the mifepristone pill was missing from its blister pack.

74. Ms. Davis also discovered an orange pill bottle with the label peeled off containing one mifepristone pill and two of the 12 misoprostol pills that Coopridier had purchased from Aid Access. The orange pill bottle was slightly larger than the misoprostol bottle that Coopridier had obtained from Aid Access. For some reason Coopridier had put the mifepristone and misoprostol pills into this larger bottle, either

to consolidate or disguise the drugs. Coopridier mixed the remaining 10 misoprostol pills into the hot chocolate that he had prepared for Ms. Davis that night.

75. Ms. Davis brought this evidence with her to the emergency room and turned it over to the Corpus Christi police.

CLAIM FOR RELIEF NO. 1 — WRONGFUL DEATH

76. The wrongful-death statute allows surviving parents to sue those who cause the death of an unborn child by a wrongful act, neglect, carelessness, unskillfulness, or default. *See* Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code § 71.002(b) (“A person is liable for damages arising from an injury that causes an individual’s death if the injury was caused by the person’s or his agent’s or servant’s wrongful act, neglect, carelessness, unskillfulness, or default.”); Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code § 71.001(4) (“‘Individual’ includes an unborn child at every stage of gestation from fertilization until birth.”).

77. Each of the defendants caused the death of Ms. Davis’s unborn child through their wrongful acts, which violated the law in each the following respects:

78. Section 171.063(a)(1) of the Texas Health and Safety Code prohibits anyone other than a Texas-licensed physician from providing abortion-inducing drugs to a pregnant woman for the purpose of inducing an abortion. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.063(a) (“A person may not knowingly provide an abortion-inducing drug to a pregnant woman for the purpose of inducing an abortion in the pregnant woman or enabling another person to induce an abortion in the pregnant woman unless: (1) the person who provides the abortion-inducing drug is a physician”). A violation of section 171.063(a)(1) is a state jail felony. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.065(a). Defendant Coopridier, as a non-physician, violated section 171.063(a)(1) by knowingly providing abortion-inducing drugs to Liana Davis for the purpose of inducing the abortion of her unborn child. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts are criminally responsible for Coopridier’s violations of section

171.063(a)(1) because they knowingly aided Coopriders provision of abortion-inducing drugs to a pregnant woman. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 7.02.

79. Section 171.063(a)(2) of the Texas Health and Safety Code prohibits individuals from providing abortion-inducing drugs to a pregnant woman for the purpose of abortion unless they comply with the protocols in subchapter D of chapter 171 of the Texas Health and Safety Code. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.063(a) (“A person may not knowingly provide an abortion-inducing drug to a pregnant woman for the purpose of inducing an abortion in the pregnant woman or enabling another person to induce an abortion in the pregnant woman unless: . . . (2) the provision of the abortion-inducing drug satisfies the protocol authorized by this subchapter”). A violation of section 171.063(a)(2) is a state jail felony. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.065(a). Defendant Coopriders violated section 171.063(a)(2) by knowingly providing abortion-inducing drugs to Liana Davis for the purpose of inducing an abortion of Ms. Davis’s unborn child without complying with the required protocols. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts violated section 171.063(a)(2) by knowingly sending abortion-inducing drugs into Texas, which they knew would be provided to a pregnant woman for the purpose of inducing an abortion. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts are also criminally responsible for Coopriders violations of section 171.063(a)(2) because they knowingly aided his provision of abortion-inducing drugs to a pregnant woman. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 7.02.

80. Section 171.0631 of the Texas Health and Safety Code prohibits any person from providing abortion-inducing drugs to a pregnant woman without complying with the informed-consent requirements of subchapter B of chapter 171 of the Texas Health and Safety Code, which include a mandatory ultrasound. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.0631 (“A person may not provide an abortion-inducing drug to a pregnant woman without satisfying the applicable informed consent requirements of Subchapter B.”). A violation of section 171.0631 is a state jail felony. *See* Tex. Health

& Safety Code § 171.065(a). Defendant Coopridier violated section 171.0631 by providing abortion-inducing drugs to Liana Davis without complying with the mandatory ultrasound and other statutory informed-consent requirements. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts violated section 171.0631 by knowingly sending abortion-inducing drugs into Texas, which they knew would be provided to a pregnant woman for the purpose of inducing an abortion. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts are also criminally responsible for Coopridier's violations of section 171.0631 because they knowingly aided his provision of abortion-inducing drugs to a pregnant woman. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 7.02.

81. Section 171.003 of the Texas Health and Safety Code prohibits anyone other than a Texas-licensed physician to perform abortions. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.003 (“An abortion may be performed only by a physician licensed to practice medicine in this state.”). Coopridier is not a Texas-licensed physician, and he performed an abortion in violation of section 171.003 by lacing Ms. Davis's drink with abortion pills. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts also violated section 171.003 by knowingly aiding an illegal self-managed abortion in Texas. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 7.02.

82. Section 171.011 of the Texas Health and Safety Code prohibits any person from performing an abortion without complying with the informed-consent requirements of subchapter B of chapter 171 of the Texas Health and Safety Code, which include a mandatory ultrasound. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.011 (“A person may not perform an abortion without the voluntary and informed consent of the woman on whom the abortion is to be performed.”). Defendant Coopridier performed an abortion in violation of section 171.011 because he did not conduct the mandatory ultrasound or comply with the other statutory informed-consent requirements before spiking Ms. Davis's drink with abortion pills. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts also violated section 171.011 by aiding an illegal self-managed

abortion in Texas that did not comply with the mandatory ultrasound and other statutory informed-consent requirements.

83. Chapter 245 of the Texas Health and Safety Code requires abortions in Texas to be performed in licensed abortion facilities (subject to exceptions not applicable here). *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 245.002(2) (“‘Abortion facility’ means a place where abortions are performed.”); *id.* at § 245.003(a) (“Except as provided by Section 245.004, a person may not establish or operate an abortion facility in this state without an appropriate license issued under this chapter.”). Defendant Cooprider violated chapter 245 of the Texas Health and Safety Code by performing an abortion that took place outside a licensed abortion facility. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts also violated chapter 245 by aiding an illegal self-managed abortion in Texas that took place outside a licensed abortion facility.

84. Federal law imposes criminal liability on any person who:

- a. Knowingly uses the mails for the mailing, carriage, or delivery of abortion-inducing drugs;
- b. Knowingly uses any express company, common carrier, or interactive computer service for carriage of abortion-inducing drugs in interstate or foreign commerce; or
- c. Knowingly takes or receives abortion-inducing drugs from an express company, a common carrier, or an interactive computer service.

18 U.S.C. §§ 1461–1462. Defendants Cooprider, Aid Access, and Rebecca Gomperts violated these federal criminal laws by using the mails, an express company, a common carrier, or an interactive computer service to mail, carry or deliver abortion-inducing drugs.

85. Articles 4512.1–4512.6 of the Texas Revised Civil Statutes make abortion a felony criminal offense unless the life of the mother is endangered. Violations of articles 4512.1–4512.6 are punishable by two to five years imprisonment. Defendant

Cooprider violated articles 4512.1–4512.6 by performing an abortion in Texas that was not needed to save the life of the mother. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts also violated articles 4512.1–4512.6 by aiding an abortion in Texas that was not needed to save the life of the mother.

86. Section 170A.002 of the Texas Health and Safety Code also makes abortion a felony criminal offense unless the abortion is performed to avert the risk of death or a serious risk of substantial impairment of a major bodily function. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 170A.002. Violations of section 170A.002 are punishable by five to 99 years imprisonment. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 12.32. Defendant Cooprider violated section 170A.002 by performing an abortion in Texas that was not needed to avert the risk of death or a serious risk of substantial impairment of a major bodily function. Defendants Aid Access and Rebecca Gomperts also violated section 170A.002 by aiding an abortion in Texas that was not needed to avert the risk of death or a serious risk of substantial impairment of a major bodily function.

87. Performing or assisting an illegal abortion in Texas is an act of murder. *See* Texas Penal Code § 1.07; *id.* at § 19.02; *id.* at § 19.06 (murder statute). Defendants Cooprider, Aid Access, and Rebecca Gomperts committed murder under section 19.02(b)(1) because they “intentionally and knowingly caused the death” of Ms. Davis’s unborn child. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 19.02(b) (“A person commits an offense if he: (1) intentionally or knowingly causes the death of an individual”). Defendants Cooprider, Aid Access, and Rebecca Gomperts also committed murder under section 19.02(b)(2) because they “intended to cause serious bodily injury and committed an act clearly dangerous to human life that caused the death” of Ms. Davis’s unborn child. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 19.02(b) (“A person commits an offense if he: . . . (2) intends to cause serious bodily injury and commits an act clearly dangerous to human life that causes the death of an individual”).

88. Defendants Coopriders, Aid Access, and Rebecca Gomperts are also guilty of felony murder. *See* Tex. Penal Code § 19.02(b)(3). Their shipment and delivery of abortion pills was a felony. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.063(a); Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171.065(a); 18 U.S.C. §§ 1461–1462. And these felonious acts were “clearly dangerous to human life” and “cause[d] the death of an individual.” Tex. Penal Code § 19.02(b)(3); Texas Penal Code § 1.07 (“individual” includes “an unborn child at every stage of gestation from fertilization until birth.”).

89. None of the exceptions in Texas’s wrongful-death statute shield the defendants from liability. Sections 71.003(c)(2) and (c)(4) of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code are inapplicable because Coopriders was not performing a “lawful medical procedure” or a “lawful medical or health care practice or procedure.” And section 71.003(c)(3) is inapplicable because the abortion pills were not dispensed or administered “in accordance with law.”

CLAIM FOR RELIEF NO. 2 — INJUNCTION UNDER HB 7

90. The Aid Access defendants continue to mail abortion-inducing drugs into Texas in violation of Texas law, and they intend to continue mailing abortion-inducing drugs into Texas unless a federal court restrains them from doing so.

91. Texas’s HB 7, which took effect on December 4, 2025, authorizes Ms. Davis to sue as a *qui tam* relator and seek an injunction against the Aid Access defendants or anyone else who intends to mail, transport, deliver, prescribe, or provide an abortion-inducing drug to any person or location in Texas. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171A.051(a)(2); *id.* at § 171A.101(a)(2); *id.* at 171A.104(a)(1).

92. Aid Access has mailed abortion pills into Texas many times since HB 7 took effect on December 4, 2025.

93. Ms. Davis has Article III standing to sue the Aid Access defendants as an assignee of the state’s claim for relief, regardless of whether Ms. Davis is suffering

injury in fact on account of the Aid Access defendants' actions or intended actions. *See Vermont Agency of Natural Resources v. United States ex rel. Stevens*, 529 U.S. 765 (2000); Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171A.101.

94. Ms. Davis is entitled to recover at least \$100,000.00 for each of the Aid Access defendants' violations of HB 7, plus court costs and reasonable attorneys' fees. *See* Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171A.104(a)(2)–(3).

DEMAND FOR RELIEF

95. Ms. Davis requests that the court:

- a. order the defendants to pay nominal, compensatory, and punitive damages for the wrongful death of Ms. Davis's unborn child;
- b. order the Aid Access defendants to pay at least \$100,000.00 for each of their violations of HB 7;
- c. permanently enjoin the Aid Access defendants from distributing, mailing, transporting, delivering, prescribing, or providing abortion-inducing drugs in any manner to or from any person or location in Texas;
- d. order the Aid Access defendants to pay Ms. Davis's court costs and reasonable attorneys' fees under Tex. Health & Safety Code § 171A.104(a)(3);
- e. grant all other relief that the Court deems just, proper, or equitable.

Respectfully submitted.

/s/ Jonathan F. Mitchell
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Dated: July 25, 2026

Counsel for Plaintiff

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION

Liana Davis,

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No. 2:25-cv-220

**Christopher Coopridier; Aid Access
GmbH; Rebecca Gomperts,**

Defendants.

**ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFF LIANA DAVIS'S OPPOSED MOTION FOR
LEAVE TO FILE A FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT**

The Court GRANTS plaintiff Liana Davis's motion for leave to file a first amended complaint. Ms. Davis shall file her first amended complaint with seven (7) days of this Court's order.

Dated: _____

DAVID S. MORALES
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE